

STONY PLAIN SUN

VOLUME FOUR

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JAN. 3, 1924

WHOLE NUMBER 179

Cheap Toys

UNTIL JAN. 12th,
DURING STOCK TAKING!

If you forgot your Children and Friends at Xmas, remember them for the New Year.

Wishing you all a Bright and Prosperous New Year.

C. W. ROSSELL.

The L. Freifeld Departmental Store

In view of the forthcoming Annual Inventory taking, commencing next week, offers here-with a number of seasonable articles, consisting of Dry Goods, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishings, Ladies' and Children's Coats, Warm Footwear and several other lines, with a great reduction in prices.

Our Winter Stock, though greatly reduced in quantity, is still fairly well assorted, while the special reduction will make a good saving to the purchaser.

Death of Thos. Hutchison.

Some surprise was felt when the news reached Stony of the sudden death of Mr. Thomas Hutchison, so well and favorably known in Stony and who had been a resident here for some four years. Deceased was in his fifty-second year, had been receiving treatment for an ailment of the heart, and was stricken suddenly early Friday morning last at his residence on 125th St., Edmonton.

Mr. Hutchison had been Principal of the local school up to the vacation of 1921, when he resigned and moved to the City. Previous to this he had been a teacher for several decades at various places in Waterloo County, Ont. He is survived by his wife and son Jim.

Deceased was a prominent member of the Masonic order, being a charter member of Meridian Lodge, and also a member of the I.O.O.F.

A number of his friends here went to the City, to be present at the funeral, which took place on Sunday, at the Edmonton cemetery.

Mr. Riel Passes Away.

Mr. A. Riel, one of Stony's good citizens, passed away at 2:30 Sunday morning last. Deceased had been complaining for only a few days, but stuck to his work right up to Saturday evening. Deceased was well liked, and had a wide circle of friends, being of a quiet and inoffensive character. He was in his 65th year, and leaves a wife, five daughters, Mrs. P. Hennig, Golden Spike; Mrs. E. O. Walter of Indiana; Mrs. Charles Schulz of Vegreville; Mrs. Henry Metzger; Mrs. Paul Boyer of Lamont; and one son Adam.

Funeral services will be conducted by Rev. Mr. Potocki, of Spruce Grove Lutheran Church, on Sunday, Jan. 6. Interment takes place in the Spruce Grove cemetery.

The Weekly Poem.

If You are sighing for a lofty work,
If you are filled with great ambition,
Just watch yourself and see you do not shrink
The job of paying your Subscription!

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Huston and Miss Turner, of California, are visiting with Mrs. R. C. Propp this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Kotscherofsky, John Kotscherofsky and Wm. Hauke returned yesterday from a motor trip to Lethbridge.

Mr. W. Zucht, of Hay Lake, with his two sons, were visiting relatives in Stony last week.

The Bank of Montreal has closed its branch in Stony, and Bank Manager Lorne is returning to the Calgary office.

The local school re-opened today, with Mr. Giblewhite as the new principal.

School Board No. 52 held a meeting Friday night.

Mr. Messenger left Sunday for J. M. Lins.

Saturday's train from Vancouver was 18 hours late.

Stony Plain W. I. held its regular meeting on Saturday afternoon.

Owing to the severe weather on the 30th, the hockey game had to be postponed.

Stock taking seems to be the principal order sport this week.

The Skating Club is holding another meeting tonight, to arrange for the removal of the old building to the new site.

The dance which followed the boxing bouts in Stony Friday evening was a very pleasing affair, and a fair sized crowd danced to the good music provided by the Gould orchestra from Edmononton.

Negotiations have just closed for an exchange of property between John Kuebel and Jim Warner, the latter taking the house and lots near the Fair Grounds in exchange for the house and 20 acre plot south of St. Matthew School.

The Main St. elevator men are having an easy time at present, grain hauling by the farmers having eased off for a spell and may not be resumed till grain prices advance in the spring.

The good news has reached here that Mr. Stuart, the well known banker with a host of friends in Stony, has fallen heir to quite a good-sized fortune thru the death of a relative. His first purchase, on the receipt of the good news, is said to have been a \$1200 diamond ring for Mrs. Stuart, and a \$5000 gasoline chariot for the family.

GET IT at HARDWICK'S.

For a Change of Diet after the Xmas Fare we have a shipment in of Fish, including Fresh Cod, Halibut, Herring, Brill, Whitefish.

And, Yes, we HAVE Bananas [have been scarce] Grape Fruit, and the best brands of Fine Juicy Oranges at special prices.

Vegetables in stock, Carrots, Beets, Parsnips, Cabbage. Special on Onions.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

CALL AT THE DRUG STORE

When in need of the following items:

Drugs and Drug Sundries.
Rubber Goods and Sick Room Necessities.
Kodaks and Kodak Supplies.
Wassermann Fountain Pens.
Parker Fountain Pens.
Eversharp Pencils.
School Books and Supplies.
Stationary and Writing Materials.
Smokers Supplies. Mouth Organs.
The Best of Chocolates.
I am Here to give You Service.

J. F. CLARKE, THE REXALL STORE
STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA.

GET IT AT—

KELLY'S

All Kinds of Footwear for the Cold Weather.

Winter Caps, Gloves and Mitts at Reasonable Prices.

Also a Good Stock of Fresh Groceries.
Highest Prices Paid for Butter and Eggs.

Agent for the United Creameries.

Stony's Potatoes.

In the report, last month, of the Dominion Agriculture Dept. the following is found: The potato acreage of Stony Plain was 20 per cent less than in 1922. Yield is 250 bushels to the acre, which was 75 per cent higher than in 1922. There has been no disease amongst the potatoes and they are of excellent quality, 90 per cent being stored with no market in sight. The prices so far are 25c per cwt. to the grower.

The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	71
No. 2	65
No. 3	62
No. 4	56
OATS.	
2 C. W.	24
3 C. W.	22
Extra Feed	20
No. 1 Feed	19
No. 2 Feed	17
BARLEY.	
No. 3	35
No. 4	31
Feed	27
Rejected	20
RYE.	
No. 2	40

RE ROSE

For particular people—

COFFEE

Has a sparkling clearness and a smooth richness, for all the chaff and dust is removed by our special process.

Solving Canadian Problems

Entering a new year the people of Canada, while rejoicing in their great national heritage, may well give more intensive thought and study to national problems and their solution than ever before. Every young nation has significant problems to meet, and by reason of Canada's geographical conditions the difficulties to contend against are immeasurably greater than would otherwise be the case. Nevertheless, Canadians are a virile, progressive people and undaunted in the face of all obstacles.

One problem requiring immediate and continuing attention is the reduction of debt. To debt reduction the Dominion, the Provinces, municipalities and individuals must give consideration. Before there can be debt reduction there must first be a stoppage to further debt increases. The average individual will be well advised if he refrains from going any deeper into debt during 1921 and strives with might and main to reduce present indebtedness as much and as rapidly as possible. Municipalities, the Provinces and the Dominion should all balance their budgets, not by imposing additional taxation, but through the adoption of very necessary economies. Certain capital expenditures will, of course, be necessary, but these should be restricted to revenue producing services and the encouragement of production of new wealth through the development of natural resources.

An example of what can and ought to be done is furnished by the present management of the Canadian National Railways. In 1921 the C.N.R. had an operating profit of only three million dollars which did not go very far towards meeting its interest charges. Last year the C.N.R. increased its operating surplus to \$18,000,000 or more, and while this did not meet interest charges in full, it did materially reduce the deficit, to be met by the country at large.

How was it accomplished? By larger earnings through increased traffic and the development of productive services, but also through a very gratifying reduction in operating expenses resulting from good management, the elimination of waste and sound economies. For example, gross earnings of the C.N.R. last November increased by \$699,578 over November, 1920, but operating expenses were decreased by almost two million dollars, resulting in a net operating surplus of \$1,531,218, an increase of 125 per cent. over the corresponding month of 1920. Sir Henry Thornton anticipates an operating surplus this year, if nothing untoward happens, of \$30,000,000 and he predicts that by the end of 1922 the C.N.R. will cease to be a burden on the Dominion treasury.

Another problem to be tackled by Canadians, individually and collectively, is to make Canada a more self-contained and self-supporting country. To solve not only our transportation problem, but other economic weaknesses, it should be the aim of Canadians to develop our own natural resources to a far greater extent and thereby create a larger internal trade. Alberta, for example, possesses 15 per cent. of the coal of the world, yet Canada annually imports hundreds of millions of dollars worth of coal. Ontario, north of the Great Lakes, has enormous reserves of iron ore, yet imports requirements from the United States and Newfoundland. Canada's adverse balance of trade with the United States is not made up of manufactured goods, as some people would have us believe, but is made up of raw and semi-manufactured materials which Canada can and should produce for herself, providing employment for countless thousands of people and creating that increased volume of internal traffic upon which the ultimate and permanent success of our railways so largely depends.

Suppose Alberta coal was carried by the railways at actual cost to Ontario, or even at a loss, would not the final result be great gain for the railways? Largely increased production of Alberta coal would lower costs of production at the mine to the benefit of all consumers, would enormously increase employment, add to population, increased carrying of coal would tend to lower railway operating costs, hundreds of millions of dollars poured into Alberta instead of into the United States would bring an era of prosperity and development there which would mean increased business for Ontario and all Canada, and increased traffic for the railways. Ontario would get back every dollar she spent for Alberta coal but which is now lost to the State of Pennsylvania.

A more scientific development of Canada's natural resources and state-manlike vision in the development of internal trade within Canada would soon attract that larger population the Dominion so badly needs, and without huge expenditures on immigration. Canada is spending money on immigration and on trade commissioners abroad to develop our export trade, and this is good business. But it would be equally good, indeed better business, to expend a few millions on developing trade within Canada in our own products, making the resources of one section of the Dominion available in other sections lacking such materials, and overcoming as far as humanly possible the obstacles which result from the geographical formation of Canada.

Used After Shaving

Keeps Skin Soft and Smooth



Many men suffer from irritation of the skin as a result of shaving. With some it assumes a form of eczema and becomes most annoying and unsightly. By applying a little of Dr. Chase's Ointment after shaving the irritation is overcome and Barber's Itch and Eczema are prevented or relieved.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

50 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

The Nation's Highway

Motor Car Proves to be a Great Method of Education

I doubt if the people in general realize the great importance of the motor car, or its contribution to human welfare. The motor car has raised the people and has given them a new outlook on life. It is very difficult to conceive any longer a shut-in population. The motor car affords an opportunity to travel over the country, seeing cities and sections that probably would not otherwise have been seen had it not been for the advance of this industry. It is a great method of education. To experience its great fulfillment the motor industry must be provided with good roads. It is necessary also that reasonable rules and regulations be made and care taken that safety to the greatest possible extent may be preserved.—Calvin Coolidge.

His Flesh Horribly Burnt

His draggled suit hid a cheap Adder comedy instead of giving him good old reliable Putnam's Corn Extract which has been for fifty years the standard remedy of corns and warts. "Putnam's" never fails, it is always a success. 25c everywhere. Refuse a substitute.

Phenomenal Yield

A late report of record-breaking crop returns comes from the "Meadowlands" district, where Howlin Bros. sowed eight acres of oats for green feed. They threshed the crop, which yielded 125 bushels to the acre, and weighed 40 lbs. to the bushel.

IN THE SHADOW OF POOR HEALTH

In This Condition Relief Comes Through Dr. Williams'

When the shadow of poor health falls upon you; when hope fades and life itself seems scarcely worth living, then is the time you should remember that thousands just as hopeless as you have been made better by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The rich red blood which these pills actually make strengthens the whole system. The nerves are strengthened, headaches vanish, the appetite improves, and once again there is joy in life. Among the thousands benefited by the use of this medicine is Mrs. Jos. Robinson, Oshawa, who says:—"Some time ago I was in a nervous condition and so weak I would faint away at times. I had no appetite, could not do my housework; in fact life seemed scarcely worth living. I was exceedingly pale and tried doctor's medicine with no good result. Then one day I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills recommended for a similar condition and I got a supply. I continued taking the pills until I had used about a dozen boxes, and they have made me a well woman. I can now do a good day's work about the house, have no more fainting spells and can go about more actively than I did before. I believe these pills are just the thing for weak girls and women, and if given a fair trial will do for them what they have done for me."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Saskatchewan Crop

The value of Saskatchewan crop for 1921 is placed at \$278,844,650, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Of this amount wheat contributed \$189,466,500; oats, \$56,985,600; barley, \$7,620,800; rye, \$1,695,500; and flax, \$2,168,250.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Remover will draw them out painlessly.

Sodium Sulphate

Prospects Are Bright for Development of Deposits in Saskatchewan

Progress and bright prospects in the development of sodium sulphate in Saskatchewan, is reported by the Bureau of Labor and Industries. Sodium sulphate recovered from Saskatchewan deposits is now being used in the manufacture of glass at Reddell, and six deposits so far have been investigated by the Federal Department of Mines. Other deposits not yet investigated by the department number close to ninety.

The man with the narrow mind usually makes up for it in the length of his arguments.

Half a loaf's better than no bread but half the truth is often worse than a whole lie.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

W. N. U. 1505

Zam-Buk

ENDS PAIN

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD KEEP A BOX ON HAND.

All Dealers, 50¢ Box.



Natural Resources Bulletin

Liquid Condensate from Natural Gas Important Article of Commerce The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:

When natural gas was first struck in Pennsylvania and Ohio, they were already two of the most populous and enterprising states in the Union. A very different condition exists in East Central and Northwest Alberta where already the flow of a large supply of gas is assured, but the field of usefulness limited.

The ideal way to utilize natural gas is for domestic heating, lighting and cooking, and as a fuel in the development of power for manufacturing plants. But before this can be done there must exist both the population and the factories within a reasonable distance, say 200 miles, to consume sufficient gas and to pay a price high enough to warrant the operation of the field and the investment requisite to the laying of the pipe line.

If, however, there is nothing to be done at present in this direction, and the gas is to be utilized, the manufacture of commodities for which there is a continuing demand, such as gasoline and carbon-black, is the next best thing. Twenty years ago it was the common experience both in the Pittsburgh and the Ontario gas well district, that in the cold weather when a good flow of gas was required the presence of a liquid condensate that accumulated in the low places on the pipe line, interfered with the steady flow, and necessitated pumping out or draining at intervals. Nobody realized then that in a few years time this liquid would become an important article of commerce, and would add millions of dollars to the income of the natural gas producers.

Since 1901 various processes for obtaining gasoline from natural gas have been in operation, the object being to extract it at the wells before entering the pipe line. Improvements have continually been made, and in a properly designed and carefully operated plant it is now possible to recover from 87 to 95 per cent. of the gasoline contained in the gas.

Grand Championship

Black Lorraine, owned by the University of Saskatchewan, was awarded the reserve grand championship for Percheron mares at the Toronto Royal Stock Show, held recently. The University also secured the reserve grand championship of the steer class with Linda Gray Lad, a pure-bred Hereford steer.

Time has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and in that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Montreal Maintains Lead

Grain handled at the port of Montreal in 1920, totalled 126,015,925 bushels, the largest amount shipped through any port in North America during the year. Montreal thus maintains, for the third successive year, her position as the leading grain exporting seaport on the continent.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts

The Cunard Company announces that the Coronia and the Carmania, which are to be transferred to the St. Lawrence route in April next, will be converted from coal to oil burners.

New Markets for Canadian Grains

Canadian Grain Shipped From Vancouver to South American Ports

New markets for Canadian grain continue to appear. A steamer will load at Vancouver shortly with 4,500 tons for Brazil, which it is expected will be the forerunner of a number to be sent to the South American country. Another steamer will load one thousand tons of grain for the west coast of South America. Recently Mexico made its first purchase in Vancouver of a small shipment of wheat.

NO MORE WEAK AND DIZZY SPELLS Since She Used MILBURN'S Heart and Nerve Pills

Miss Bertha Charette, Regina, Sask., writes:—"I have had a lot of trouble lately, what I thought was heart trouble, and after an unusual exertion I always felt sick. My doctor advised a complete rest and change, but this I was unable to take."

I became interested in Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, so started taking them. I have now taken three boxes and I feel much improved. I can go about my daily work without feeling any after ill effects, and have not had any weak or dizzy spells for some time. Your medicine has done me more good than anything I have ever taken, and I will gladly recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills to any woman who is weak and run down."

Price 50c per box at all dealers, or mailed through receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Vitamines

Are food substances which are necessary to keep the body in good health. The following are the most important foods which contain vitamins: Cabbage, beans, lettuce, spinach, apples, tomatoes, oatmeal, cornmeal, whole wheat, pure milk, eggs, oranges. Eat one or more of these foods at every meal, advises the Canadian National Safety League in a recent health bulletin.

Dragged Down by Asthma. The man or woman who is continually subject to asthma is strength for his or her life's work. Suffered depart and energy is taken away until life becomes a dreary existence. And yet this is needless. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Food has been a lifesaver. It relieves the restricted air tubes and guards against future trouble. Try it.

Youthful Immigrants

That 50,000 "teen age boys will be brought to Canada in 1921, is the expectation of Major M. J. O'Brien, representing the British Immigration and Colonization Association. He stated that after sufficient training, these boys could be given farms of their own, and the vast areas of Northern Ontario could be filled with desirable settlers.

For Catarrh.—It is one of the chief recommendations of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that it can be used internally as well as externally. Sufferers from Catarrh will find that the Oil when used according to directions will give prompt relief. Many sufferers from this ailment have found relief in the Oil and have sent testimonials.

It is said that a fool and his money are soon parted, and yet lots of fools keep right on accumulating wealth.

The man who doesn't talk has less repelling to do than the garrulous individual.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil. Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians every-

where recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

Wm. D. Fletcher.

Plan To Secure Suitable Agricultural Employment For Immigrants From Overseas

The Minister of Immigration has decided to use the organization of the Soldier Settlement Board for the purpose of securing suitable agricultural employment for immigrants who arrive in this country in future.

On the instructions of the department the board has now commenced a definite survey of all provinces, for the purpose of securing the names of farmers who are likely to desire farm help in the spring. These farmers will be invited to submit applications for farm help. The applications will be tabulated, the information thus obtained being furnished to the immigration authorities overseas in order that the flow of agricultural help may be regulated and directed to the districts in which it is required.

The board has also given the duty of receiving and distributing this immigrant farm help to its central in the spring. In order that this may be done, advice will be forwarded from overseas of the names, destinations and dates of sailing of agricultural immigrants. These immigrants will be met on arrival by immigration officials and directed to the districts which are most suited to the immigrant's requirements and capabilities. On arrival in that district, they will be met by the board's officials and directed to the positions selected for them.

The work of securing positions has already been commenced by the Regina district office of the Soldier Settlement Board. The field staff of the board are now employed in securing the names of farmers who are expected to require farm help in the spring. These farmers, in addition to the farmers whose names are already on record, are being invited to forward applications for farm help to the local field supervisors of the board, who are stationed at various centres throughout the province.

In view of the hearty response which was given to similar work which was undertaken on behalf of British harvesters, it is anticipated that a large number of applications will be received. Any farmers wishing to secure experience or inexperienced farm laborers should make early application, in order that their requirements may be filled. It is the intention of the department to bring from overseas agricultural workers for every suitable opening which is listed in sufficient time for the necessary arrangements to be made.

A Plain Commoner

Princess Mary's Son Not A Prince of the Royal Blood

Ever since Princess Mary's son and heir came into the world last winter there has been much speculation as to whether he is a plain commoner or a prince of the royal blood. But the speculation is ended, and Great Britain now knows the King's grandson is not a prince of the royal blood but simply the Hon. Henry Hubert Lascelles, or "Harry Lascelles" for short.

This definite information is conveyed by the 1924 Debrett, the unquestioned guide to the genealogy of royalty and the aristocracy of the kingdom.

The new issue says that a royal warrant debarred young Lascelles from being a royal prince. The warrant asserts that none but children of the sons of sovereign and "the eldest living son of the Prince of Wales shall have and hold the style, title and attributes of royal prince, with titular dignity of prince and princess."

The warrant does not mention grand children of the King, who may be children of the monarch's daughter.

Fresh Water Pearl Fishery

A fresh water pearl fishery is one of the hitherto unsuspected treasures of France, according to a communication made by M. Monégus, to the Academy of Sciences. He reported a discovery in the center of France of fresh water mussels that produce pearls comparing favorably in color and brilliance with the best efforts of the oyster.

The first determination of the velocity of light was made by Roemer in 1676.

W. N. U. 1205

Conversations of the Great

Even Great People Sometimes Discuss Trivialities

What do the great talk about? In Mr. J. A. Spender's recently published list of Campbell-Bannerman there is a passage which sheds an amusing sidelight upon that oft-asked question. It was at a time when it seemed as though England might go to war with Russia. And so when Campbell-Bannerman was snatched talking to King Edward in the gardens of Buckingham Palace the London newspapers all featured the pleasure under the interrogatory caption: "Peace or War?"

Next morning Campbell-Bannerman looked at the picture, smiled, and said to his private secretary: "Do you know what he was saying to me? He was asking me whether I thought Britain was better off without him." Ottawa Journal.

The Future Citizens

Boys and Girls Who Have an Appreciation of the Value of Time and Money

The best citizens of the future, those who will be most competent to look out for themselves and to serve others, are the boys and girls who now have an appreciation of the value of time and money; whose taste for good reading has been cultivated; who are taught the resources of the public library; who have been shown how to discriminate in associations; and whose championship have been tacitly directed by discerning parents; whose taste for entertainment has not been suppressed, but gratified along wholesome lines—Kansas City Times.

No Hitch in Plans

Canadian National Acquires Hotel Scribes for Offices in Paris

Recurring assertions made recently in Canada that a hitch had occurred in the negotiations for acquisition by the Canadian National Railways of Hotel Scribe in Paris for office accommodations, the Canadian Press learns that there is no dissatisfaction whatever on the part of the railway officials in Paris. It has resolved itself into a question of leaving accommodations for 20 years, or buying.

The railway company was unable to rent space at the time under acceptable conditions, and consequently decided to buy.

For the convenience of the management the building is being incorporated under French company laws.

Food Situation in Germany

Germany Has Made It Hard To Feed Her Own People

According to Secretary Hoover's report in Germany three disturbing factors enter into the food situation in that country. One is the inability of the government or of private firms to finance the vast export of food imports. Another is the breakdown of the currency which has interrupted the distribution of domestic food supplies. The third is unemployment, which has decreased the ability of huge masses to buy food.

It is only the bare truth to say that all these troubles were inflicted upon the German people by their government. The German harvest this year was above the average. Nine and a half million tons of bread grains were produced, compared with seven million tons last year. \$20 potato crop fell off from forty-one million tons to thirty-two million and the sugar crop from 1,500,000 tons to 1,200,000. But Mr. Hoover's representative speaks of considerable loss of potatoes for industrial purposes. This indicates that there is little real fear of a scarcity in that staple.

Germany always has been short of meats, fats and dairy products. She hopes to import, as usual, 700,000 tons of fats, vegetable oils and seeds and probably 50,000,000 bushels of grains. But these figures are normal and were indicated long ago.

What did the German government do to anticipate them? It has wrecked the mark in order to finance the grotesque campaign of "passive resistance" in the Ruhr and the Rhineland. It has deliberately created "unemployment" by paying hundreds of thousands of able-bodied workmen not to work. It has driven the farmer into refusing to sell his products to the city dwellers, because payment can be made to him only in worthless paper. The garment trade and a year of voluntary abstinence of labor in the occupied territory have brought the German people to the point at which they think they may not be able to feed themselves, and at which they do not hesitate to ask the authorization of a \$100,000,000 loan by the Reparations Commission.

After antagonizing the commission for twelve months and accusing it of trying to starve the Reich, the German leaders now plead for help to save their people from the consequences of their own bad leadership and obduracy. It is a characteristic German gesture.—New York Tribune.

Radium Brings High Prices

Czechoslovakia is one of the few countries in the world that produce radium. Twelve per cent. of the world's total, or 24 grams, has been mined there since 1919. The annual output now fluctuates between two and one-half and three grams, worth about \$20,000.

Shown That High Grade Fuel Can Be Made By Briquetting Saskatchewan Lignite Coal

Farmers Crop Profitable

Eight Per Cent. Cash Dividend Declared by Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.

An eight per cent. cash dividend was announced at the 12th annual general meeting of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company recently. The financial report showed a net profit of \$42,212.35. Out of the net profit \$37,496 was taken for the dividend, \$152,353.27 was placed in the elevator reserve account, and a similar amount to general reserve account, the former now standing at \$1,765,975.73, an increase of \$244,695.11, and the latter at \$1,131,470, an advance of \$152,353.27 over last year.

The company's assets are \$7,676,814.95; share capital subscribed \$3,378,000, of which \$1,719,362.50 is paid up. The company handled a total of 12,880,325 bushels of grain, as compared with 17,325,660 bushels the preceding year.

The company, which is a farmers' organization, has three subsidiary companies—the Saskatchewan Co-operative Export Company, James Stewart and Company, Ltd., and the James Stewart Grain Corporation, New York.

Bird Collector Murdered

New Guinea Savages Killed Victim and Ate the Body

George Penrose, an Australian bird collector, has been murdered by savages in New Guinea under dramatic circumstances. Hostile natives attacked and speared Penrose and two natives who were with him, and seven other members of the party were injured before they escaped. The attackers were from a strange tribe never before reported by white men. The savages promptly ate the bodies of the men they killed.

The Conspiracy of Noise

Numerous agencies in modern life seem to be in league against quiet. Outside on these evenings the rushing automobiles with the screeching wheels, the clanging trolley car, inside the music box emitting jazz, the radio bringing the hum and roar of the air, with now and again a human voice in speech or song coming from afar. All are in conspiracy against quiet.—Albany Knickerbocker Press.

Deaths from lack of food in Berlin during 1922 and the first ten months of the present year numbered 102, according to official statistics.

"It has been demonstrated, that a very high grade fuel can be made out of carbonized lignite."

This was the comment made by J. M. Leamy, one of the members of the Lignite Utilization Board, on a newspaper dispatch from North Portland, Sask., stating that two cars of lignite coal shipped from the board's plant at Blenheim, Sask., to Hebron, N.B., for experimental purposes had repaid Canada in briquettes sevenfold and that from all appearances the experiment had been a success.

Mr. Leamy stated that progress reports he had received spoke of the quality of the briquettes in the highest terms. The briquettes will likely be distributed in Ottawa and Regina, he said.

Manitoba joined with Saskatchewan and the Dominion Government in establishing and carrying on the plant at Blenheim, Sask., to produce the briquettes. The Government announced it had decided to discontinue financial support. The withdrawal of Manitoba left the question of funds in the air, and not having finances to put the briquetting plant in charge, now consist of the carbonized material that had accumulated to Hebron for treatment at Jean Babcock's plant.

Mr. Leamy stated the only reason for the briquetting being done at Hebron was the availability of lignite the conversion of carbonized lignite into fuel in the form of briquettes could be done at the board's own briquetting plant if this were put in operation.

"The members of the board were satisfied with the work which has been done at Blenheim, and I have no doubt the further demonstration at Hebron has been successful in every way," said Mr. Leamy.

Gold and Cobalt

Major Portion of World's Cobalt Supply Comes from Ontario Mines

Revised statistics issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics show that the production of gold for 1922 attained the high total of 1,263,364 fine ounces, the highest figure recorded since 1909 when the Yukon placer reached the peak of their production. The year's production was valued at \$26,116,050. Almost four-fifths of the total production, valued at \$20,676,982, was produced by Ontario mines and placers; British Columbia taking second place with nearly four-fifths of the remainder.

The major portion of the world's supply of cobalt for almost two decades has been derived from the silver-cobaltized ores of the Cobalt district of Ontario. The year's cobalt production was 509,360 pounds which if the average New York quotation of \$2.25 per pound were taken would be worth \$1,146,370. This estimate, however, has reference to the cobalt content of the ores mined and not to the output of metallic cobalt from Canadian smelters. Cobalt residues were exported for treatment which yielded 173,211 pounds of metallic cobalt but more than half the production was marketed in the form of oxide.

Yield and Value of Potato Crop

Total Value of Canada's Potato Crop Estimated at \$62,662,000

The first planting of potatoes in Canada in 1922 is estimated at Ottawa as 540,942 acres compared with 688,594 acres in 1921, a decrease of 18 per cent. The yield per acre, however, more than counterbalances the falling off in acreage planted. "This yield is placed at 1924, hundredweight per acre, against 314 hundredweight last year, giving a total yield in 1922 of 61,666,700 hundredweight against 56,746,300 hundredweight in 1921. The total value of the potato crop is estimated at \$65,662,000, compared with \$50,325,000 last year, the average per hundredweight being \$1.05 against 88 cents in 1921.

Balmen Worth \$10,000,000

The total price of banded railfins in British Columbia 1923 season will give the producers more than \$10,000,000, if all the cases are marketed at the ruling prices.

CHRISTMAS AMID OLD HOMELAND SCENES



The second Canadian National Railway train leaving Winnipeg for Halifax to connect with steamships sailing for United Kingdom ports. Several hundred Western Canadians took advantage of the special rates and special trains arranged by the Canadian National, which allowed them to leave Winnipeg as late as December 31 and yet reach Britain in time for Christmas. Inset is a group of Edmonton people aboard the second tourist special.

FAVORS POLICY OF PROTECTION WITHIN EMPIRE

Quebec.—An echo of the imperial conference in London was heard at a Canadian Club luncheon at the Chateau Frontenac, when Right Hon. W. F. Massey, Premier of New Zealand, addressed the combined membership of the Canadian and Rotary Clubs. Mr. Massey, always an earnest advocate of preferential tariffs within the Empire, communicated some of his enthusiasm to his audience. At the conclusion of his address he was cheered to the echo.

Mr. Massey launched into a vigorous argument in favor of the policy of protection within the Empire. The mere fact that the promoters of the various countries comprising the British Empire had been able to get together and discuss questions of mutual interest was, in itself, an achievement. He referred to the fact that no decision of the Imperial Conference was binding on any one of the Dominions; each decision must be ratified by the nation concerned before it became law.

It was the aim, he said, of the majority of those at the Imperial Conference to bring into operation the principle of protection insofar as the Empire was concerned.

"I may as well tell now," he said, "that I am an out and out supporter of preference. True, we cannot set it into it hurriedly, but I have no doubt at all that the measure would be of great benefit to the Empire as a whole when it can be put into operation satisfactorily."

To Disseminate Religious Teachings

Pope's Voice May Soon Be Conveyed By Radio

Chicago.—To disseminate more widely the religious teachings of the Christian churches, radio broadcasting is soon to be undertaken by many of the larger denominations, according to an article in the forthcoming issue of the Radio Digest. The magazine set out that active steps already have been taken by several Christian churches to utilize radio communication as a means of reaching the millions.

"The Vatican will, in a few months, adopt radio to spread the word of the Pope to millions of people over the world," the article declares. "Due to efforts of a company headed by Guglielmo Marconi, radio inventor, a broadcasting station may soon be operated in the Vatican. By this means, Rome will be enabled to transmit the voice of the Holy Father to almost every land."

"Of similar magnitude is the probable scheme of Protestant churches, particularly in the United States," the writer continues. "During the last few years the churches of Protestant denominations in this country have considered the practicability of radio as a means of spiritual regeneration."

U.S. Meat Production

Greatest in History According to Statement of American Meat Packers

Washington.—Production of meat in the United States this year was the greatest in history, exceeding last year's figures by one and a half billion pounds, according to the Institute of American Meat Packers. A big jump in pork production was largely responsible for the increase, ten million more hogs being bought by the packers than in 1922.

Wholesale meat prices, it was asserted, were the lowest of a decade or more. Declines from peak prices ranged from 20 per cent. to more than 50 per cent.

Ontario Farmers Favor Dairying
Toronto.—Farmers entered the last week of 1923 with plowing and other fall work well in advance of the ordinary, declares the report of the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

Reports from many counties would indicate that dairying is a stronger line of farming this year than ever before.

W. N. U. 1508

Will Erect Statue To Soldier M.P.

Ottawa.—Preparations are being made for the erection of a life-size statue in the corridor of the House of Commons of the late Lieut.-Colonel G. H. Baker, M.P. for Bromley. Col. Baker had the distinction of being the only Member of Parliament killed in action during the war, although several of them were on service, and Lieut.-Col. Sam Sharpe's death was the result of it. The statue, which is in bronze and very life-like, has arrived in Ottawa from the sculptor, and the unveiling will take place with appropriate ceremony during the coming session.

Sales Tax Changes

Possibility that Some Changes in the Act May Be Made Soon

Ottawa.—While the Sales Tax comes into operation, and will not be suspended as has been made clear, it is anticipated that several changes will be made and announced soon. An examination of the act discloses that wide powers are conveyed to the government, not only to exempt commodities from the tax, but as well to make regulations and to determine the value of articles for the purpose of the tax. Changes in the inventory system are also likely. It is expected that new items may be modified to the existing rate. American papers pay no tax on newspaper although most of it comes from Canada, whereas, under the new act, the tax here is rated at six per cent.

U.S. Fleet Hampered

Complaints of Insufficiency of Personnel Made by Chief of Naval Operations

Washington.—Operations of the U.S. fleet during the last fiscal year was "seriously hampered by the insufficiency of the allowed personnel," Admiral R. E. Coontz, chief of naval operations during that period, declared in his annual report. The necessity of finding crews for several new light cruisers during the year, he added, required cutting down of complements at submarine bases and elsewhere to a point that meant a loss of efficiency.

Cattle Pest In Australia

Melbourne, Australia.—Cattle, pigs and goats are being slaughtered wholesale in the areas affected by the rinderpest in Western Australia. Liberal compensation is being paid the owners of animals which are being killed to prevent the rinderpest, a pleuropneumonia type, the compensation being contributed equally by the federal and Western Australia authorities.

WESTERN EDITORS



F. W. Galbraith, Editor of The Advocate, Red Deer, Alberta.

VENIZELLOS MAY INSIST UPON THE RETURN OF KING

Athens.—The Athens newspapers devote large portions of their space to portraits of M. Venizelos and particulars of the successful effort to have him return to Greece.

The republican papers, while not desiring to minimize the importance of the event, take care to point out that the former premier's return here will only be temporary, and proceed to reveal their fears that Venizelos may insist upon return of the king in order to gain the support of the royalists to his programme.

Te. Democracy, mouthpiece of the republicans, declares that Venizelos will be made to realize that efforts towards a restoration of the dynasty and the prevention of constitutional changes will be futile.

The anti-Venizelos sentiment is summed up by the Chora as follows: "Partisans of Venizelos are borrowing the same shouts of joy which signaled the legal and honest return of Constantine, but Venizelos is not returning as victor. His electoral victory is false and non-existent. The people are worried through the hatred engendered by him."

The Liberals naturally hail the return of Venizelos, while the revolutionary government's organ, Eleftheros Logos, expresses the hope of Venizelos eventually being persuaded to become the next premier. It declares he cannot regulate the situation unless he personally directs the government.

Increase Shown In Lake Grain Shipments

Winnipeg.—An increase of 22,769,974 bushels is shown in the total lake shipments of grain from September 1 to December 14, according to official grain movement figures for that period received here by the Canadian National Railways. A total of 210,583,222 bushels of grain moved by water from the Canadian head, of the lakes to Eastern Canada, and United States and Europe, as against 184,283,216 bushels in the same period of 1922.

U.S. Living Costs Lower

But Are Still High Above the Pre-War Averages

Washington.—The cost of living in the United States is one-fifth lower in September this year than it was in June, 1920, when the highest point in living costs since 1913 was reached. A decrease of 20.5 per cent. in the total cost of living in the United States, as determined by a consolidation of the figures for 32 specified cities, is shown in an announcement issued by the bureau of statistics.

The cost of living, however, was almost three-quarters more than the 1913 average, September costs showing a 72.1 per cent. increase over the pre-war average.

In the total cost of living, the bureau ascertains 28.3 per cent. of the total expenditures for food, 16.6 per cent. for clothing, 13.4 per cent. for housing, 5.5 for fuel and lighting, 5.1 per cent. for furniture and furnishings, and 21.3 per cent. for miscellaneous.

Opening Of Parliament

Announced that Session Will Likely Open Early in February

Ottawa.—Announcement of the opening of the parliamentary session will be made soon. It will be called the first part of February. Two dates under consideration are the seventh and fourteenth of that month. If the business can be got in readiness the earlier date will probably be selected.

Estimates are now in preparation and the cabinet will take up in the intervening weeks, the legislative programme. The session is likely to be more notable for its political situation and the controversial issues that will come up incidentally, than for any pretentious legislative programme, although the latter will be considerable.

Edmonton Chinese Protest

Edmonton.—Members of the "Chinese National League" in Edmonton, which includes practically all the local Chinese, are protesting against the demonstration of allied warships at Canton, where the customs houses have been protected by marines from ships of several of the nations.

SETTLERS MAY ARRIVE FROM SUNNY ITALY

St. John, N.B.—That Premier Mussolini of Italy is greatly interested in Canada has been shown in a message through here by Captain G. Franci, who arrived on the Canadian Pacific S.S. Minnedosa. Captain Franci has come to Canada to ascertain just what opportunities exist for Italian immigration, and with this object in view, will take up the matter with Col. Denie, of the C.P.R. immigration department, Ottawa, and other officials. He had been in France, where he was looking after the interests of Italian immigrants. He explained that there are a lot of good farmers in Italy who are anxious to come to this country, and who prefer working on the land, as they have been accustomed to that line of work all their lives.

In addition, he said that Premier Mussolini is interested in the welfare of his people and considers that there are golden opportunities for some of them in this country. At the present time conditions are none too good in Italy, and it is felt that they would be able to better themselves by coming to Canada. Captain Franci pointed out that the class of men desiring to come here are of the best, and are all skilled in farming. He considers that they would make valuable citizens and would do much towards developing the vast tracts of land in the western provinces. If his negotiations are successful, he said, that he would arrange to have a number of his people brought here during the next few months, so that they could familiarize themselves with conditions, and be ready to make a start in the spring.

Difficulties Are Great

Reunion of Anglican and Roman Catholic Churches Discussed in Britain

London.—The question of the reunion of the churches, especially the Anglican and Roman Catholic, which was advocated in resolutions at the famous Lambeth conference in 1920, has made only the smallest headway, according to a Christiania letter which the Archbishop of Canterbury has issued to the dignitaries of the Anglican communion.

Reviewing all that has happened since that conference, the archbishop disclosed that three private conferences have since been held at Malines, initiated by Cardinal Mercier and some few Anglicans, with the object of discussing the outstanding and familiar barriers between the Church of England and the Church of Rome. The third of these, generally private and unofficial conferences was held only a few weeks ago. The archbishop explains that the conferences cannot properly be described as negotiations, as the Anglicans participating were in no sense delegates of the whole church. The movement has merely sought to effect some restatement of controverted question and elucidation of perplexities. He believes that further conversations must follow, but, in conclusion, says:

"The difficulties are immense; you know them as clearly as I do. They may prove for some time to come insuperable. Paul may plant and Apollus water; it is God who gives the increase."

Germany's Financial Situation

Reparations Commission Announces Enquiry to Commence January 14

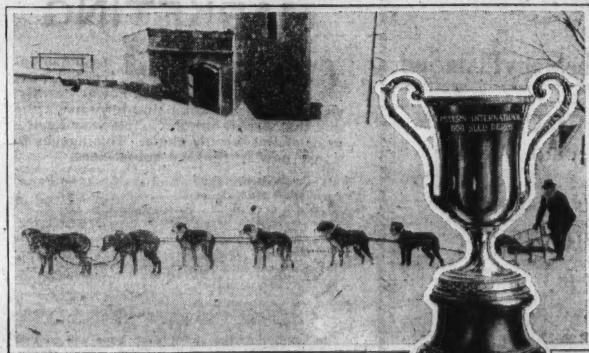
Paris.—The Reparations Commission formally approved the nominations of the two expert committees who are to investigate Germany's financial situation. The first committee, that on the budget, will meet here January 14, and the second, which will consider German capital abroad, on January 21.

One of the British nominations was changed, Sir Robert Kindersley, a director of the Bank of England, replacing Montague Norman, governor of the bank.

C.P.R. Official Dead

Montreal.—Rufus Gardner Chamberlain, 40, chief of the department of investigation of the Canadian Pacific Railway, died at the Royal Victoria Hospital after a brief illness.

Ten Teams to Try for Trophy



Jean Label with his team at Quebec. (Inset) The Dog-sled Derby Trophy

Great interest is being manifested in the International Dog Derby to be run at Quebec during the Winter Carnival in February next. At present ten entries have been received and others are expected from the north shore of the St. Lawrence and from the Athabasca mining district. As navigation will soon close, it will be necessary for entries from the latter district to make 400 miles to reach Quebec. The Northwestern Alaska Chamber of Commerce is keenly interested in the race and is now considering the possibility of entering a team to represent Alaska.

It can be arranged, the Quebec event will be the greatest dog classic in the history of the continent. Jean Label, winner of last year's race and driver of one of the two teams to be entered this year by the Brown Corporation, had the misfortune to lose his leader which was run over by an automobile recently, but he has another young dog already trained to replace it, and although he thinks the race will be hard fought, he is confident that his team will again finish in the lead.

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For Belated Buyers at Very Reasonable Prices.

If You have not yet bought your need in Underwear, Footwear, Mitts, and other lines, We still have a Fair Assortment.

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FORD SERVICE STATION.

When you need sound advice, expert repair work on any make of battery or a new battery, let us serve you. We sell and recommend the long-life Exide.

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Good Rooms. European Plan. Excellent Service.

BEER KEPT IN GOOD SHAPE—GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SOFT DRINKS.

Stony Plain and District.

Write it 1924.

Otto Wudel, Wetaskiwin, was in Stony yesterday.

Will the party who found an auto fender on the road near St. Mathew School early in December kindly leave same at Sun Office and get reward?

Annual meeting of the rate payers of Warden S. D. 301 will be held in the school house on Friday, Jan. 11, at 2 p.m.

For Northwestern Kalendars have arrived.

WANTED—High school girl can get room and board for light work—Mrs. C. Pfeifer, Stony Plain.

NOTICE—Those having shoes in the shop of the late Mr. Rief, will call at the shop on Saturday afternoon, Jan. 5, and get same.

The old Blueberry school house has been re-sold by Mr. Peter Schoep to a religious organisation at Carvel, and will be used as a church when moved.

At the meeting of the rate payers of Lucknow School District on Friday evening, the vote taken is said to have stood 23 to 18 to hire a new teacher, and Mr. Steckle of Edmonton has been engaged.

Mr. Chessier, well known to Stony Plain players, secured the position of principal at Garden Valley School.

I can provide you with a Life Assurance Policy to suit your particular needs. R. B. Brooks, local agent for The Sun Life Assurance Co.

A Declamation Contest.

The Stony Plain Literary Society has arranged to hold a Declamation Contest in the Town Hall Monday evening Feb. 4. All boys and girls of the town and surrounding district between the ages 14 and 18 (inclusive) are eligible to compete. A suitable medal will be awarded to the winner of the contest.

Each of the contestants must choose one of the following selections, memorise it and recite it on the evening of the contest:

Part of Macaulay's Horatius, beginning "Alone stood brave Horatius," and finishing the lay.

The Song My Paddle Sings—Pauline Johnson.

The Ride from Ghent to Aix—Browning.

The Deacon's One-Horse Shay—Holmes.

Paul Rover's Ride—Longfellow.

All those wishing to compete will please give their names to R. B. Brooks or J. H. Foerster on or before January 25th.

Pfeifer Restaurant.

Opposite Royal Hotel.

ALL WHITE HELP.

GOOD MEALS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

Mrs. Pfeifer, Prop.

Shooting Near Styl

News reached here yesterday of the shooting near Styl of Robert C. Hadley during a barrel. The shooting was done by Alfred Barnett, who afterwards walked off into the bush.

A Meeting of the U.F.A.

A meeting of this Local will be held at Royal Hotel, Saturday, Jan. 5, at 2 p.m. The business will include the yearly report of the secretary and the reorganisation of the U.F.A.

The Provincial Convention opens in Labor Hall, Edmonton, on Monday, Jan. 14.

Wedding Bells

On Friday, Dec. 21, 1923, in the German Reformed Church, Glory Hills, Miss Emma Schwindt, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ph. Schwindt, was united in marriage to Mr. F. W. Loeblich, both of Spruce Grove.

The ceremony was performed by the pastor, Rev. C. Reppert.

The lady of honor was Miss Eliza Loeblich, and the best man Mr. Karl Lange.

The charming young bride was attired in a pink silk dress, with white tulle veil, and carried a beautiful bouquet of flowers.

After the ceremony the wedding party went to the home of the bride's parents, where all sat down to a charming repast.

On Saturday the happy couple left on a trip to Vancouver and the Western States.

With the Leather Pushers.

The first of the series of local boxing tournaments was well patronised, Friday night last, and some good exhibitions were seen.

The first one on was a go between Ralph Bye and P. Kulak, which proved very interesting.

No. 2 bout was between Messrs. Kimberley and young Mr. Kulak.

The next was the best of the evening, and some good work ensued when the contestants, Messrs. Steckle of Edmonton and Philip Sinner started to get busy and mix it.

Both boxers apparently were doing their best, and their efforts were applauded by the spectators.

No. 4 seen—Wm. Myer and Wm. Gabel tap each other for a couple of rounds.

The next was by Mr. Joe Kulak and his nephew Philip, was a very good exhibition of long range sparring, the postings of the two engaged causing lots of merriment.

Both came out of the bout practically undamaged and unharmed.

The wind up was the best exhibition of boxing of the performance. J. McCalla and George Gaden giving a very good demonstration of the handy art.

George Washington,

it is related, throw a silver dollar across the Potomac river. At the spot where the feat is said to have been performed the stream is approximately a mile in width. But admittedly, a dollar went farther then than now.

The purchasing power of a dollar bill has shrunk considerably in the last ten years. There has never been a time when discriminate buying paid bigger dividends.

Every issue of this paper contains information that you should have to increase your buying power. The ads. are intimate little lessons in economy, telling you how, when, and for what your dollar will go farthest.

Railway Time Table.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Going east, 4:27 p.m.—Sunday, Mon., Wed., Thurs., Friday, and Saturday.

6:19 a.m., every morning, stops on flag only.

10:43 a.m., 1:30 p.m.—Prince Rupert Express, every day except Sunday.

2:40 a.m., every day, Vancouver Express, stops on flag only.

CHURCH NOTICES.

GLORY HILLS BAPTIST CHURCH. Services Every Sunday at 11 A.M. Sunday School after Service.

METHODIST CHURCH. REV. F. E. WILSON, PASTOR. Services Every Sunday. Sunday School at 12 M.

ST. OSWALD'S CHURCH. Notice will be given when Services are to be held.

GERMAN LUTHERAN CHURCH. Rev. E. Eberhardt, Pastor. Services Every Sunday.

GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH. C. REPERT, PASTOR. Services Every Sunday at 11 a.m. Sunday school at 10 a.m. English services every second Sunday at 7:30 p.m.

GENERAL NOTICES.

INGA MUNICIPAL DISTRICT No. 520.

Div. 1, Mord McKinlay.
Div. 2, R. P. Shaw.
Div. 3, Ed. Tattersall.
Div. 4, A. E. Hopkins.
Div. 5, R. C. Howatt.
Div. 6, Reinhold Goetz.

COMET S. D. TRUSTEES.
Thos. Graden (Chairman).
John Eichenlaub.
Philip Kulak.
M. McKinlay Secretary.

STONY PLAIN RIFLE CLUB.
Captain, Mord McKinlay.
Sec.-Treas., F. W. Lundy.
Committee, Geo. Graden, B. C. Powell, J. D. Miller, S. C. Elliot, R. E. Wood, J. H. Miller.

STONY PLAIN AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.
President, F. W. Lundy.
Vice-Pres.—Philip Schultz.
Secretary-Treasurer—Wm. Robertson.

SPRUCED GROVE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT No. 519.

Div. 1—Geo. Campbell.
Div. 2—John Scholze.
Div. 3—Philip Schultz.
Div. 4—L. Sinclair.
Div. 5—J. J. Hadley, Winterburn.
Div. 6—Dai Brox, (Reeve).
(Secretary-Treasurer.)

STONY PLAIN LOCAL U.F.A.
President—W. M. Washburn.
Secretary—A. Klapper.
First Vice President—L. Zillich.
Second Vice President—C. Becker.
Directors—Adm. Wolf, Geo. Dork, Alke John Enders, Mord McKinlay, H. Henning.